

Study Guide

Integration: Geometry Rotations

Triangle XYZ has vertices $X(-4, 1)$, $Y(-1, 5)$, and $Z(-6, 9)$.

To rotate $\triangle XYZ$ 180° , multiply each coordinate by -1 .

$$(-4, 1) \rightarrow (4, -1)$$

$$(-1, 5) \rightarrow (1, -5)$$

$$(-6, 9) \rightarrow (6, -9)$$

To rotate $\triangle XYZ$ 90° counterclockwise, switch the coordinates and multiply the first by -1 .

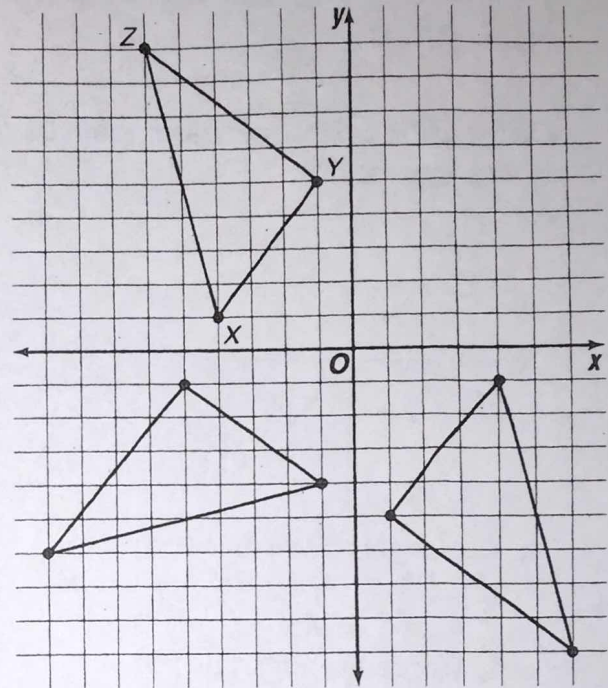
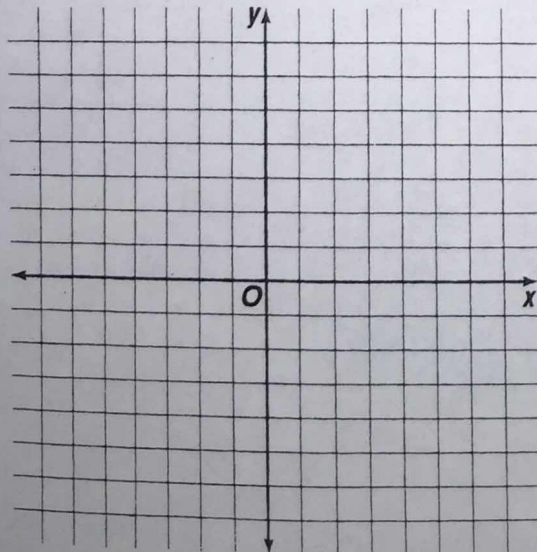
$$(-4, 1) \rightarrow (-1, -4)$$

$$(-1, 5) \rightarrow (-5, -1)$$

$$(-6, 9) \rightarrow (-9, -6)$$

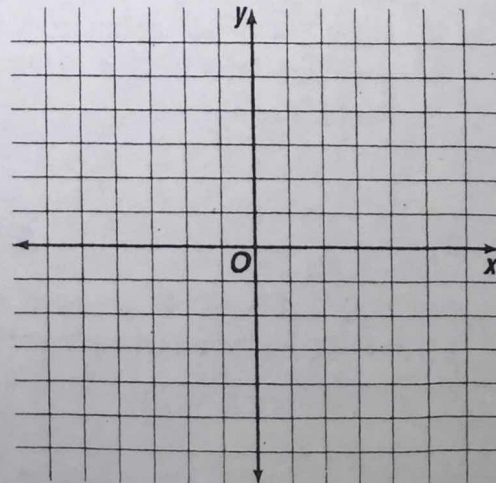
Triangle RST has vertices $R(-2, -1)$, $S(0, -4)$, and $Y(-4, -7)$.

1. Graph $\triangle RST$.
2. Find the coordinates of the vertices after a 90° counterclockwise rotation. Graph the rotation.
3. Find the coordinates of the vertices after a 180° rotation. Graph the rotation.



Rectangle $TWIN$ has vertices $T(2, 1)$, $W(6, 3)$, $I(5, 5)$, and $N(1, 3)$.

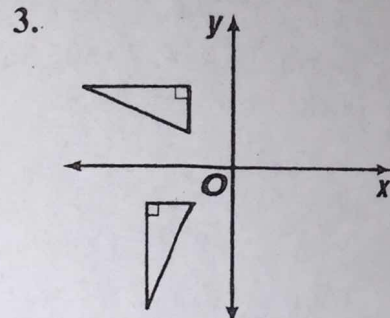
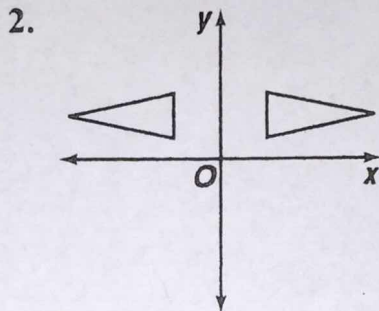
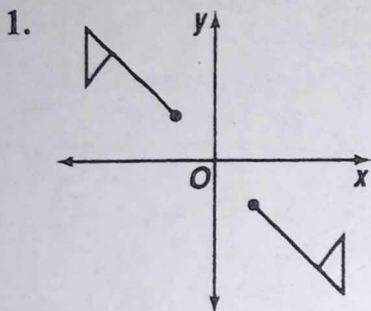
4. Graph rectangle $TWIN$.
5. Find the coordinates of the vertices after a 90° counterclockwise rotation. Graph the rotation.
6. Find the coordinates of the vertices after a 180° rotation. Graph the rotation.



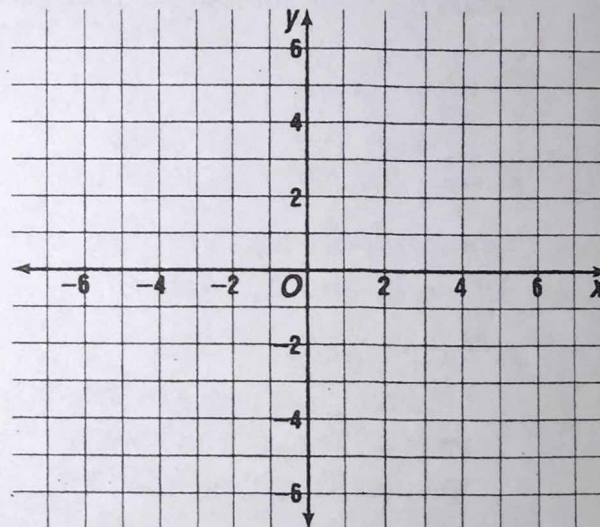
10-9 Practice

Integration: Geometry Rotations

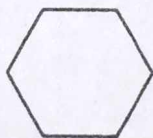
Determine whether each pair of figures represents a rotation. Write yes or no.



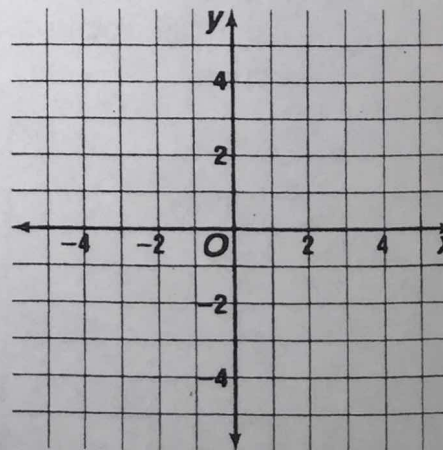
4. Rectangle *WORK* has vertices $W(1, 3)$, $O(4, 6)$, $R(6, 4)$, and $K(3, 1)$.
- Graph *WORK*.
 - Rotate the rectangle 90° counterclockwise, and graph $W'O'R'K'$.
 - Rotate the rectangle 180° , and graph $W''O''R''K''$.



5. Examine the figure at the right.
- Does the figure have rotational symmetry?
 - If so, find the degree turns that show this symmetry.



6. Quadrilateral *NEAL* has vertices $N(3, 5)$, $E(4, 4)$, $A(3, 2)$ and $L(1, 3)$.
- Graph quadrilateral *NEAL* and its 90° counterclockwise rotation $N'E'A'L'$.
 - Rotate $N'E'A'L'$ 90° counterclockwise.
 - Rotate quadrilateral *NEAL* 180° . Explain the result.



7. A triangle is rotated 90° counterclockwise. The coordinates of the vertices of the rotated triangle are $(3, 2)$, $(-1, 3)$, and $(2, -3)$. What are the coordinates of the original triangle?